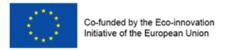


water reuse 3.0

# Backwash water treatment at WTP Wierden

Doeke Schippers - Vitens

ECO/11/304469 IWEC







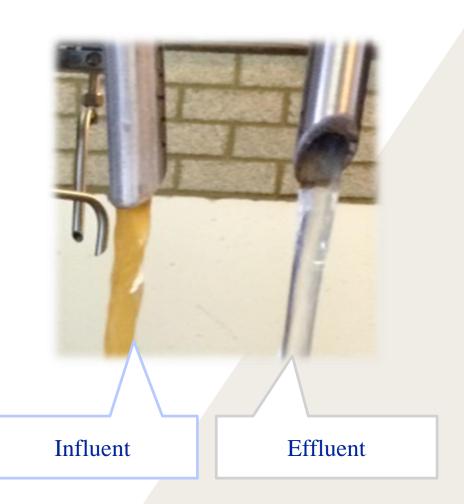


#### Main goal: full scale demonstration



# Increase of sustainability by:

- Reuse of backwash water from the sand filtration in a way that the total exploitation costs will not increase;
- Reduction of the energy consumption per m<sup>3</sup> produced water at WTP Wierden with 30 %;
- Reduction of chemical consumption;
- Reduction of ground water withdrawn;
- Reduction of water being discharged.



#### Water quality: main goal of the installation



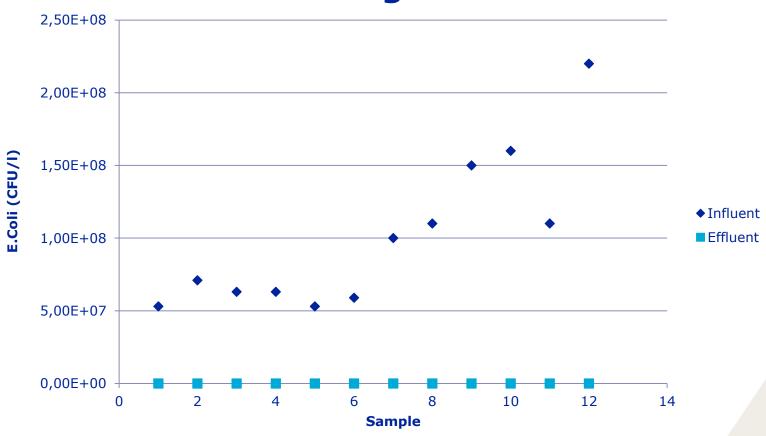
- Production of safe drinking water:
  - Microbiological barrier;
  - Reduction of metals;
  - Reduction of turbidity (suspended solids).



# Water quality: microbiological barrier



# **Test dosing of E-coli**



#### Water quality: reduction of metals

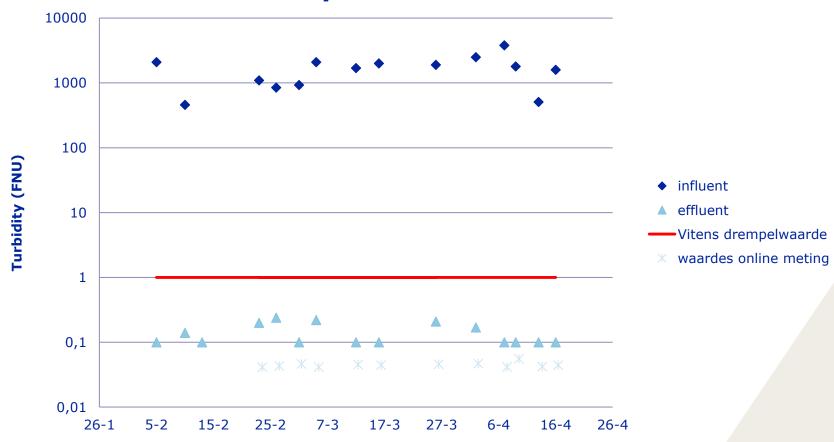


- From pilot research we know that manganese is not removed 100 %. This is the reason why the permeate is being fed to the secondary filtration (standard procedure of Vitens).
- In practice the concentration of other metals is being reduced with a factor of 10.
- Concentration of metals in permeate (beside manganese) is well below Vitens demands

### Water quality: reduction of turbidity



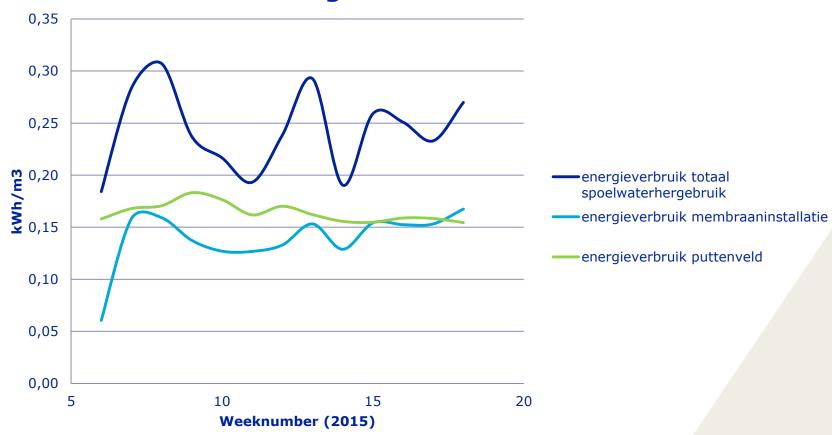
#### **Turbidity influent and effluent**



### **Energy consumption**



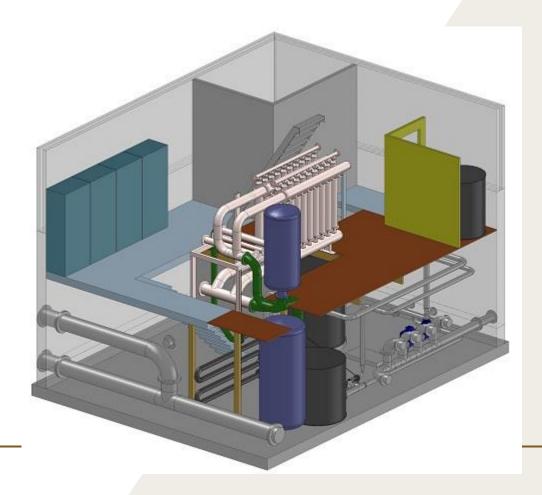
#### **Energie verbruik IWEC**



#### Some remarks and observations



- Amount of treated water since February 2015 75.000 m<sup>3</sup>
- Recovery 99%
- Still no intensive cleaning is necessary;
- Very few failures.



#### **Conclusion**



- Permeate of installation fulfils the demands of Vitens, very high water quality;
- Installation is a very efficient barrier against micro organisms;
- Energy reduction of 30% is not reached yet, water is not being reused in the beginning;
- Iron chloride dosage is reduced with 90%.

# IWEC

water reuse 3.0

