



Best business practices on Eco-innovation

A SME's point of view

André Reigersman - RWB Water Services BV

A collaboration between:



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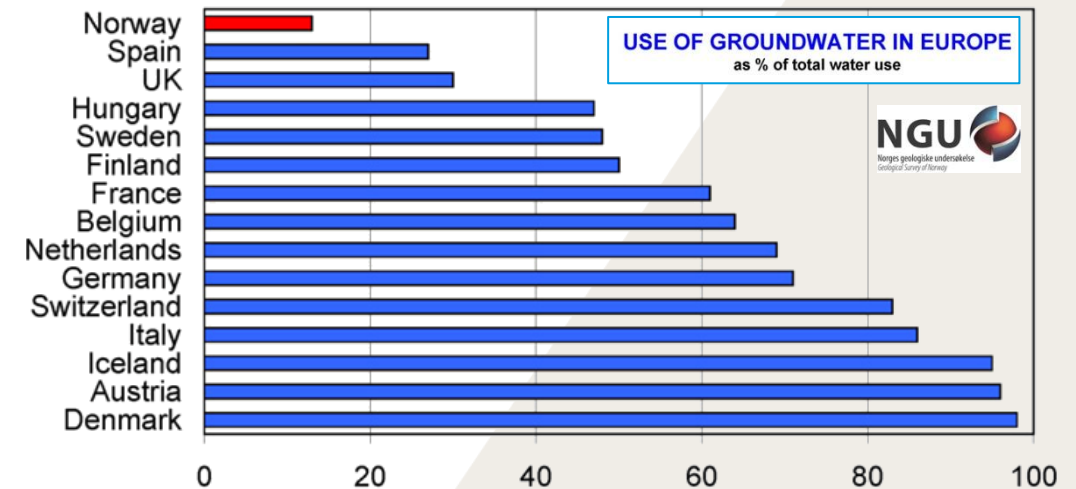
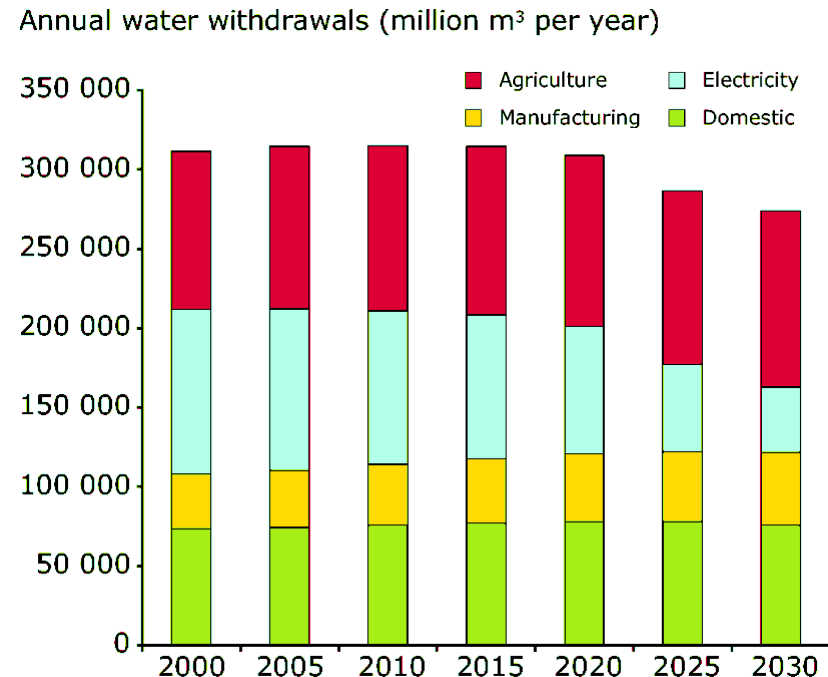
eco-innovation



- Did you know:

- 5 minutes shower $\approx$ 30 liters to drain + 2 liters fresh groundwater production waste
- Spent filter backwash water $\approx$ 2.000.000.000.000 liters per year in Europe
- Dutch + Swedish drinking water consumption $\approx$ 2 km³

Water abstraction in Europe (EEA-31 without data for Iceland)
Source: European Environment Agency (EEA)



Spent filter backwash water



Spent filter backwash water



Conventional:

Treatment and discharge
Standard industry practice



water reuse 1.0



water reuse 2.0

State-of-the-art:

Reuse (polymer membranes)
Mandatory or economical viable

Research on backwash water reuse



Spoelwaterhergebruik bij waterleidingbedrijven

Abschermingslag

J. van der Veldt

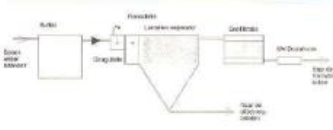


Figure 1: HYDRAcap Installation at Seedy Mill WTW

Operating parameters

Field experience indicates that, for backwash water recovery applications, larger ID capillary fibres are required, as compared to the conventional 0.8 mm, to prevent plugging of the fibre bore. A 50% larger ID of 1.2 mm is sufficient to prevent fibre blockage by suspended matter encountered in filter backwash effluent. The LD module contains approximately 2/3rds of the area of the standard fibre module.

A pilot unit, equipped with the HYDRAcap LD module, was operated for the treatment of filter backwash effluent at Seedy Mill. The objective of the study was to optimize process parameters for a design of a full-scale commercial system at this location. The unit was treating supernatant from a continuous thickener. The thickener was receiving backwash water from a commercial filtration system processing surface water for potable use. The module operated at a filtrate flux rate range of 80 – 100 l/m²·hr (44-55 gfd). The time between backwash cycles was 20 min.

The backwash operation was initiated with a 5 sec forward flush at a flow rate of 7.5 m³/hr (33 gpm) (though in the main plant design, this has been replaced by an air



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DESALINATION

www.elsevier.com/locate/desal

Ultrafiltration for the reuse of spent filter backwash water from drinking water treatment

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Abstract

During most water treatment processes, spent filter backwash water (SFBW) is generated. Reuse of SFBW is of concern because of the possible recycling of heavy metals, precursors for disinfection by-products and micro-organisms. Innovations in membrane technology, especially in micro- and ultrafiltration processes, offer a suitable treatment for SFBW in order to guarantee a water quality necessary for reuse. Results from a pilot-scale ultrafiltration plant with submerged membranes are presented. Experiments were performed with SFBW from a full-scale water treatment plant. The plant was operated with high fluxes of more than 40 L/m²·h using clarified and non-clarified SFBW. Best membrane performance was obtained using non-clarified SFBW. As a result, no space- and time-consuming sedimentation processes are necessary. The presence of powdered activated carbon in the SFBW did not have a negative impact on flux and TMP. Results confirmed that the filtrate can be used as an additional and safe water source. When a continuous maintenance disinfection was provided, filtrate was free of microbial contamination and could be reused without any safety concerns.

Keywords: Ultrafiltration; Water reuse; Drinking water treatment; Spent filter backwash water

1. Introduction

In several parts of the world, water reuse is becoming an important issue to satisfy future

water demands. A continuously increasing world population as well as higher quality standards and expenses for drinking water lead to numerous efforts to apply water reuse systems. Membrane technology offers a wide range of possibilities to

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1993



2001



2006



2007 / 2008



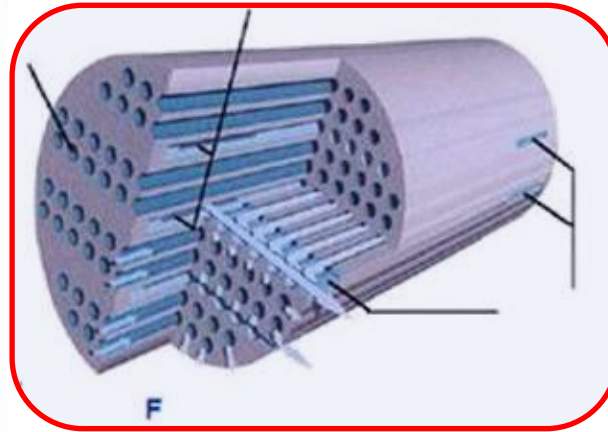
Comparative pilot test



C



D



F



A



B



E



Vitens

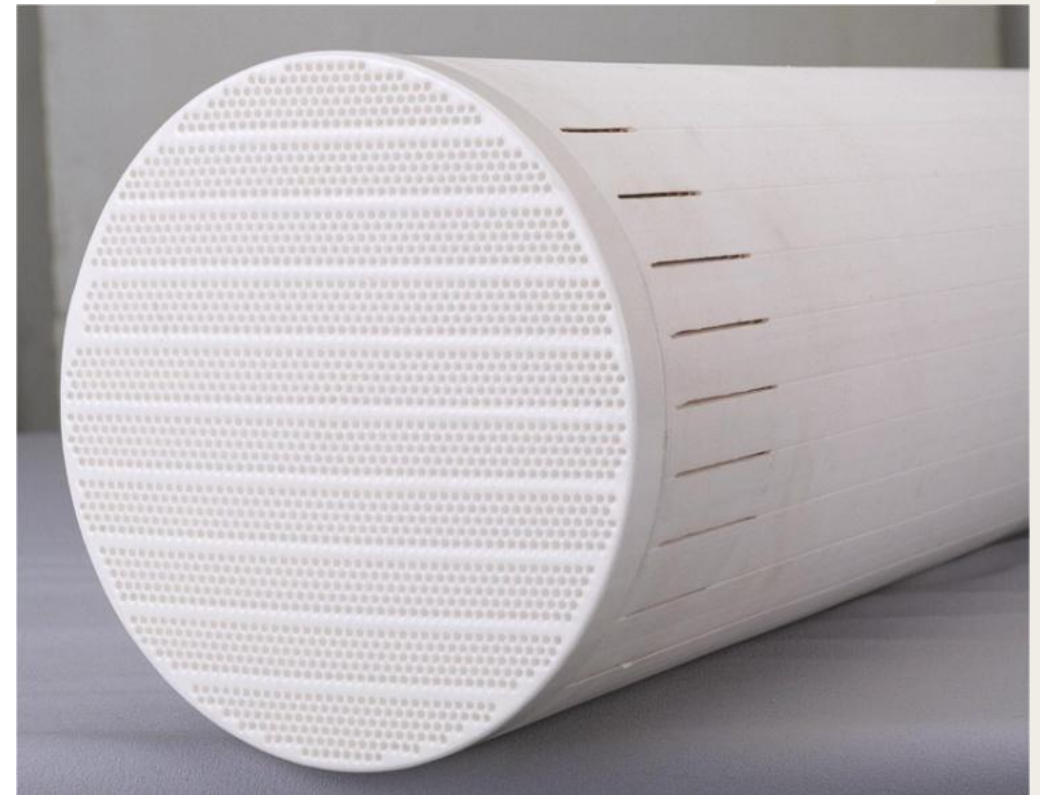
Re-use of backwash water
Comparative study of 6 MF/ UF
membranes



2009

Best Available Technique: Ceramic membranes

- Reduced costs: production of large filter elements
- Outperforms state-of-the-art
 - High reliability
 - Small footprint
 - Less energy
- Suitable for large and small quantities
- Meets sanitary standards - regulations



Best Available Technique: Full scale demonstration

Increased Water Efficiency

with **Ceramic** membrane technology

Construction: July 2012 – March 2014

Demonstration: April 2014 – June 2017

Launching customer: Vitens N.V.



Project management: Vitens N.V. (Ontwerp en Aanleg)

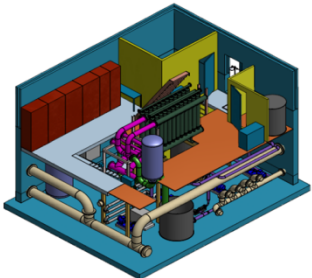
Technology: RWB Water Services B.V.



Eurosteel Sp. Z.o.o.



Grant advisor: Evers + Manders



water reuse 3.0

www.iwec-water-reuse.eu



eco-innovation



Co-funded by the Eco-innovation
Initiative of the European Union



First full scale application at
drinking water treatment plant Wierden

Project in partnership

Launching customer Vitens,

- is the largest drinking water company in the Netherlands
- supplies drinking water to 5.4 million people with a total annual production of 330 million m³
- is constantly on the look out for ways to save energy or to use green energy and to minimize the use of chemicals

www.vitens.nl



Project in partnership

Polish S.M.E. Eurosteel Sp. Z.o.o.,

- has a group of 30 highly qualified and experienced employees and a toolshop of 3.000 m²
- all welders have CE welding certificates
- has wide experience in constructing complex and innovative installations for (drinking) water treatment

www.eurosteel.pl



Project in partnership

Dutch S.M.E. RWB Water Services bv,

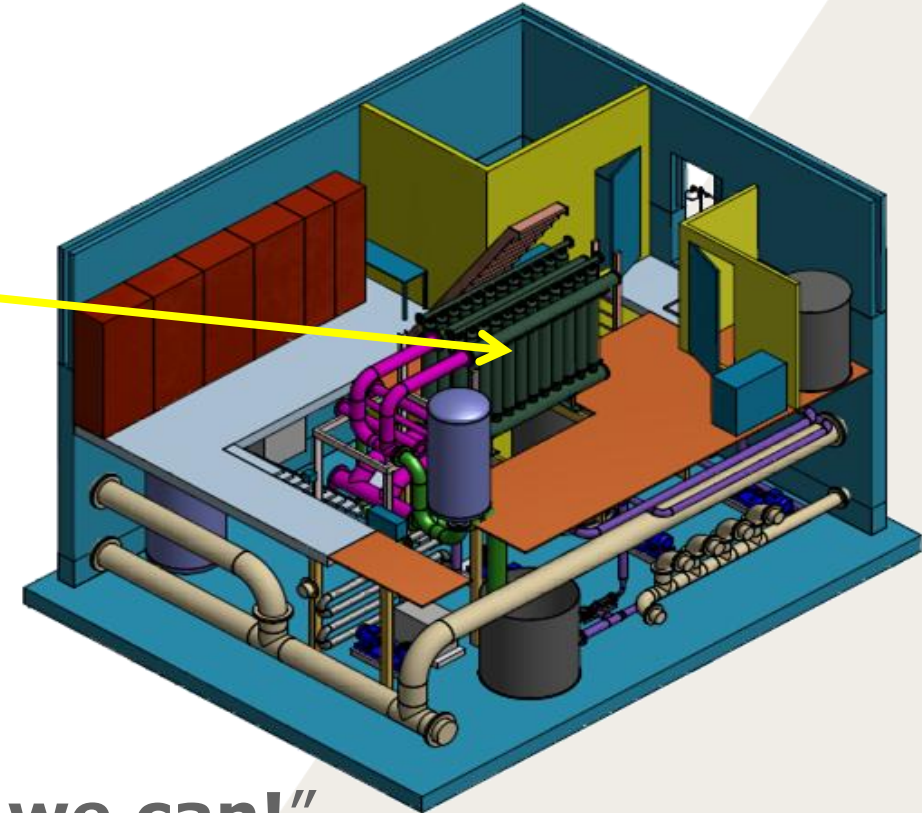
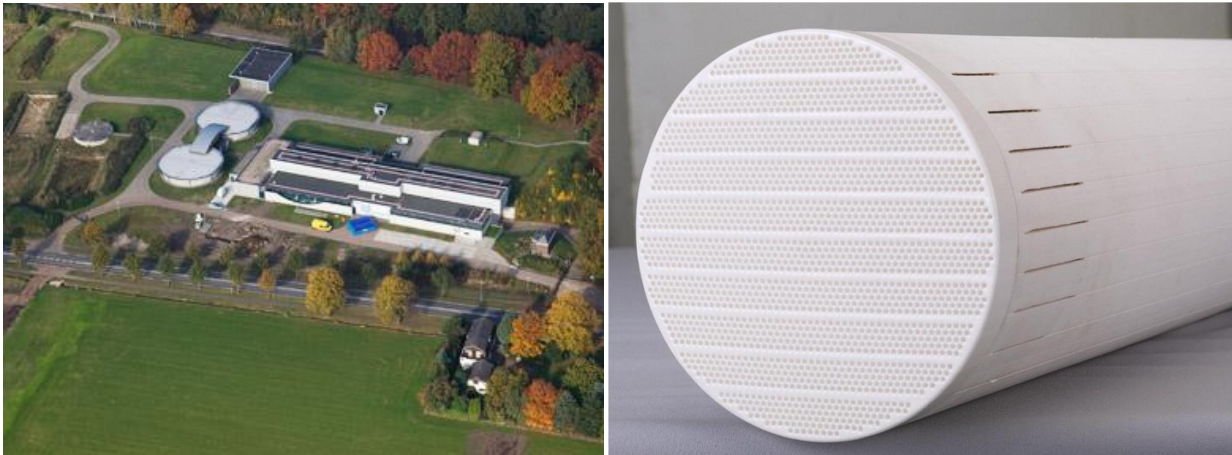
- spreading the technology into the European market
- experienced in design, build, operate, and maintain of water treatment plants
- licensee for: *Culligan*

METAWATER

www.rwbwater.com

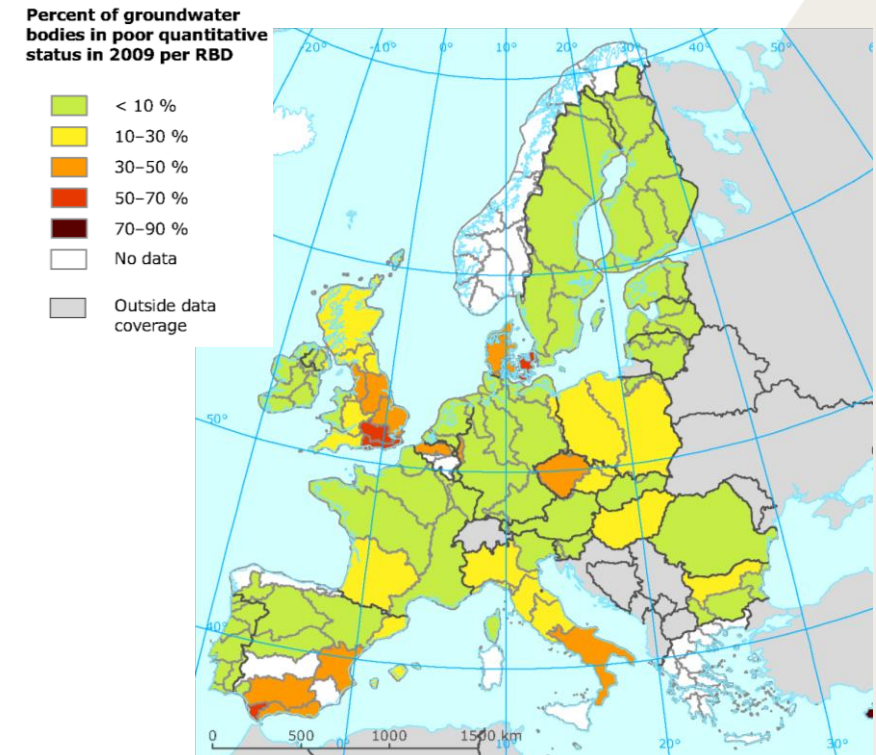


- Building first application (*Full scale demonstration plant Wierden - NL*)



- Commercial exploitation across EU
- Validate calculated savings
- Spread the word: “**Recover resources, yes we can!**”

- Building first application (*Full scale demonstration plant Wierden - NL*)
- Commercial exploitation across EU
 - Drinking water companies
 - Country selection on water sources
 - Desk study on policies (groundwater and water scarcity)
 - Other applications
 - Industrial groundwater use
 - (De-)centralized drinking water production
- Validate calculated savings
- Spread the word: "**Recover resources, yes we can!**"



- Building first application (*Full scale demonstration plant Wierden - NL*)
- Commercial exploitation across EU
- Validate calculated savings:

	Project	Europe
Water reuse (m ³)	1.000.000	1.000.000.000 / year
Energy savings	30%	30 – 80%
Reduction chemical usage	50%	

- Spread the word: **"Recover resources, yes we can!"**

- Building first application (*Full scale demonstration plant Wierden - NL*)
- Commercial exploitation across EU
- Validate calculated savings
- Spread the word: **"Recover resources, yes we can!"**

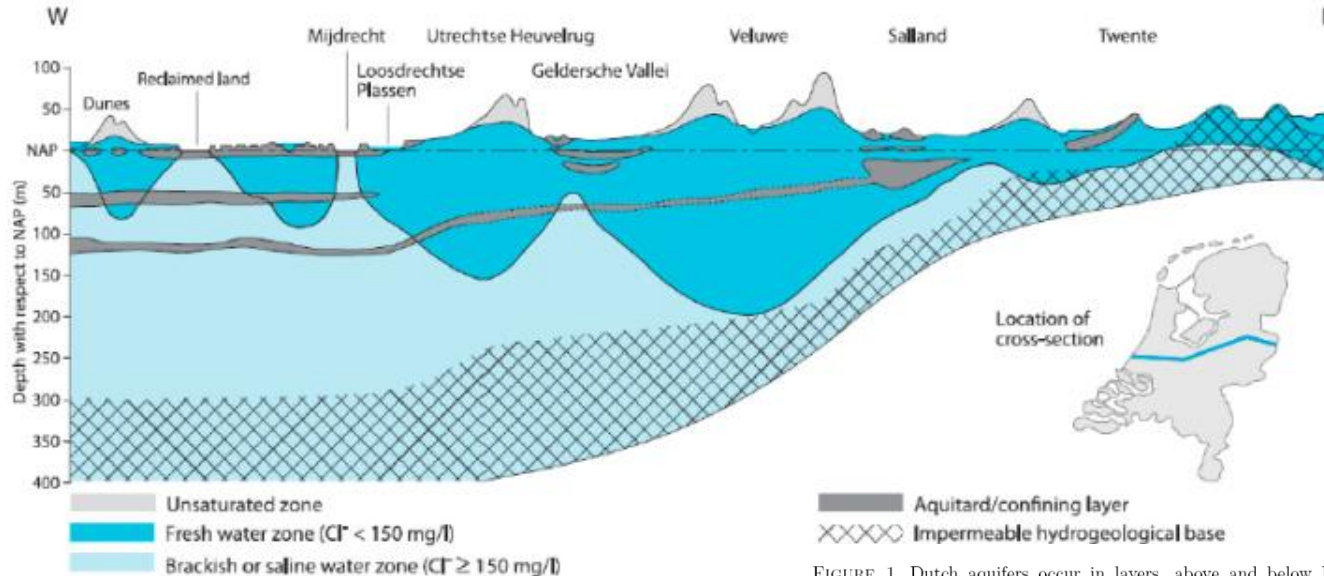


FIGURE 1. Dutch aquifers occur in layers, above and below NAP.
Source: De Vries (2007).



Economics

- Threats
 - Dutch groundwater tax was aborted
 - No standards for costs calculations
- Opportunities
 - Resource valuation instead of tax on usage
 - Environmental investment deduction programs



Water valuation
Building the business case

Policies

- Threats

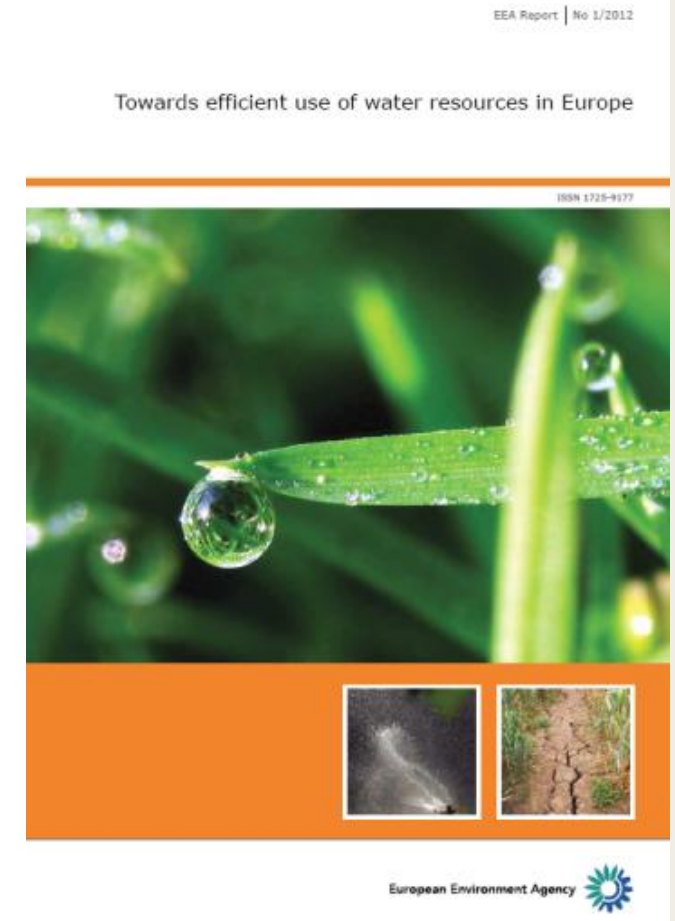
- EU policies and legislation on water (re)use are not uniform (yet)
- EU testing methods not harmonized (yet)

- Opportunities

- Towards efficient use of water resources
- Launching customer is industry frontrunner



Danish Minister for the
Environment Ida Auken:
Groundwater must be protected



Technological

- Threats
 - “Old” state-of-the-art technology turns out to be unstable
 - Complex implementation in existing building
- Opportunities
 - Implementation of Best Available Techniques
 - We can offer the alternative!



EUROPEAN COMMISSION
JOINT RESEARCH CENTRE
Institute for Prospective Technological Studies
Sustainable Production and Consumption Unit
European IPPC Bureau

Best Available Techniques (BAT) Reference Document
for
Common Waste Water and Waste Gas
Treatment/Management Systems in the
Chemical Sector

Industrial Emissions Directive 2010/75/EU
(Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control)

Draft 2

20 July 2011

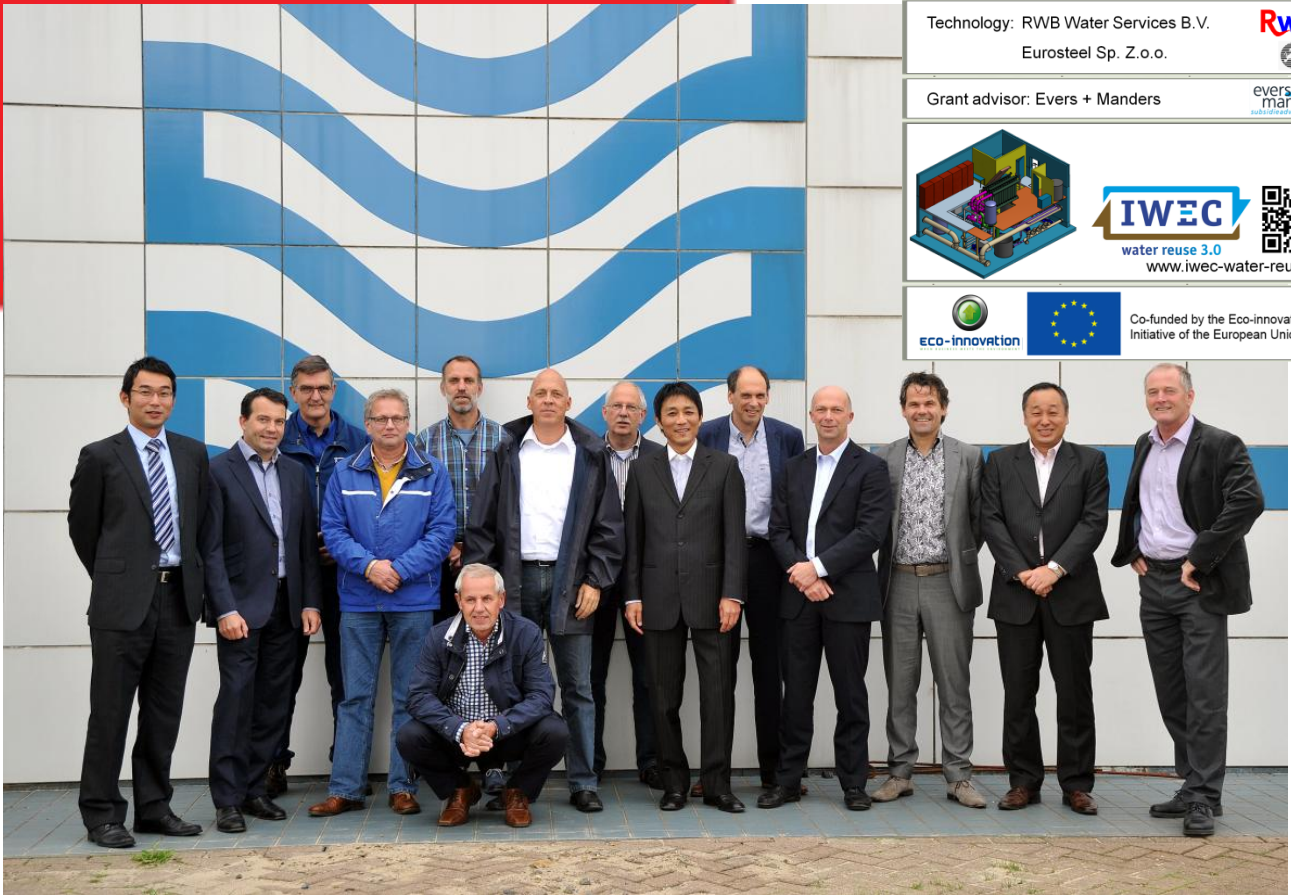


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Face these challenges as a team!



Together, we can fix it



Increased Water Efficiency with Ceramic membrane technology	
Construction:	July 2012 – March 2014
Demonstration:	April 2014 – June 2017
Launching customer: Vitens N.V. 	
Project management: Vitens N.V. (Ontwerp en Aanleg)	
Technology: RWB Water Services B.V.  Eurosteel Sp. Z.o.o. 	
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   water reuse 3.0 www.iwec-water-reuse.eu	
  Co-funded by the Eco-innovation Initiative of the European Union	



www.iwec-water-reuse.eu



The screenshot shows the IWEC website with a blue header and a light blue main content area. The header includes navigation links: About IWEC, Our partners, History, Downloads, and Contact. The main content area features a QR code on the left, an aerial photo of a water treatment plant in the center, and text on the right describing the IWEC water reuse project. Below the main content, there are sections for 'IWEC: whats new?' and 'Latest Updates'. The footer includes logos for Rwb, Vitens, EUROSTEE, and ECO-INNOVATION, along with a disclaimer and design/hosting information.

IWEC
water reuse 3.0

About IWEC | Our partners | History | Downloads | Contact

IWEC water reuse

Reuse of filter backwash water means that less groundwater is necessary to provide the same amount of water. With ceramic membranes backwash water is filtered to high quality drinking water. The membranes ensure low costs because:

- of their long period of use
- low energy cost

For this project this installation will be build and tested in an existing drinking water treatment location.

IWEC: whats new?

This first full scale system for reuse of filter backwash water with ceramic membranes (IWEC) will be build as a demonstration plant at drinking water treatment location Wierden (Vitens) in the Netherlands. The demonstration plant will validate the systems reliability, costs and savings at a operational drinking water treatment plant. Through this website information about the progress and developments will be available.

Latest Updates

- [comparative study of 6 membranesystems](#)
- Rwb presents the IWEC project during the [Aqua Nederland trade show](#)
- The Netherlands is host country for the international celebration of [World Water Day](#)
- Vitens and partners develop [new membrane cleaning technology](#)

A collaboration between: **Rwb** **Vitens** **EUROSTEE** Supported by: **ECO-INNOVATION**

* This information does not necessarily reflect the official position of the EACI, the European Commission or other European institution.

Design and hosting by BitAgency

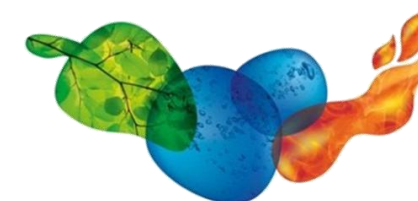
WaterMakers°

In autumn 2013,
DWTP Wierden will be
open for public for one
day.



**AQUATECH
AMSTERDAM**

AMSTERDAM • NL
**5 - 8 NOVEMBER
2013**



May 5-9, 2014

IFAT

**aqua
nederland**

IWEC

water reuse 3.0

A collaboration between:



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WHEN BUSINESS MEETS THE ENVIRONMENT

